

## RULE BOOK CORRECTIONS

- Page 49: ART. 12 . . . The box shall be of dimensions indicated in the accompanying ~~Diagrams A and B~~ Figure 3 and 4, and it shall be placed so the top edges are at ground level. The box in ~~Diagram B~~ Figure 4 shall be constructed so that the sides slope outward at the end nearest the landing pit.
- Page 50: ART. 13 . . . The zero point, located at the top of the back of the plant box, is used to determine the distance the crossbar travels toward the back of the landing surface, the starting point of the runway and to identify the proper placement of the landing surface. (~~Diagrams A, B and C~~) Figure 3, 4, and 5.



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- Page 53: Art. 4. . . Projecting lines, 2 inches (5 centimeters) wide and 8 inches (20 centimeters) long, lying on the diameter extended and outside the circumference, shall be used to designate the back half of the throwing circle. (~~Figure 3~~ [Figure 7](#))
- Page 56: Art 3. . . A concrete surface with a 1/64 inch (1 millimeter) roughness is recommended. (~~Figure 4~~ [Figure 10](#))
- Page 56: Art. 4. . . The inside edge of the line or band is the limit of the putting circle. (~~Figure 5~~ [Figure 11](#))
- Page 58: ART. 3 . . . The runway for the throw should have a minimum length of 120 feet (36.5 meters) and shall be marked by two parallel lines, 13 feet, 1½ inches (4 meters) apart and terminated by a foul-line arc with a radius of 26 feet, 3 inches (8 meters) as shown on ~~Figure 6~~ [Figure 13](#).



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- Page 65: ART. 2 . . . A competitor finishes a cross country race when the torso of the runner breaks the plane of the finish line when using hand- or image-based timing systems or a combination of image-based and chip timing systems. (Figure 8 [16 and 17](#), Diagram of Chute)
- Page 66: ART. 4 . . . The runners are observed for 100 meters for any reason to recall the race that would constitute an unfair start. (Figure 7 [15](#))

